

ORDINANCE 25

Order and Regulation of the Advisory Board of the Department, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, relating to Sanitary Regulations, Sewerage Disposal, Industrial Waste and Water Supplies.

Approved May 17, 1920.

Article 1

General Provisions

Section 1. The provisions of these sanitary regulations shall apply in all counties of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, and shall apply equally to individuals, partnerships, firms and corporations.

Section 2. For the purpose of these sanitary regulations the term "Water of the State" shall include all streams and springs, and all bodies of surface and ground water, whether natural or artificial, within the boundaries of the State.

Article 2

Sewage Disposal

Section 1. No privy, cesspool or other receptacles for human excrement shall be constructed, maintained or used so that flies have or may have access to the excrementitious matter contained therein.

Section 2. No privy, urinal, cesspool or other receptacle for human excrement shall be constructed, maintained or used which directly or indirectly drains or discharges over or upon the surface of the ground or into any waters of the state.

Section 3. All privies, ⁸urinals, cesspool or other receptacles for human excrement shall be cleaned at sufficiently frequent intervals to prevent the contents from overflowing.

Section 4. The transportation of human excrement shall be effected in water tight containers with tight fitting covers, containers shall be thoroughly cleansed after each use.

Section 5. No excrement or material containing human excrement shall be placed on the surface of the ground or buried or otherwise be disposed of where it is liable to gain access to, any waters of the state, unless subject to treatment by a method approved by the Commissioner of Health.

Section 6. The contents of privies, cesspools or other receptacles for human excrement shall not be used on the ground within the corporate limits of any City or Borough or within seven hundred feet (700) of any habitation, unless subjected to treatment by a method approved by the commissioners of health.

Section 7. Sufficient and suitable privy or toilet accommodations well lighted and ventilated and separated for each sex shall be provided at all places of trade, occupation or business at all manufacturing, public building, public market plots, railroad stations, theatres, fairs, churches, camp meetings, picnic grounds, parks and all other places of amusements.

Section 8. No ~~privy~~ cesspool or similar receptacle for human excrement shall be constructed, maintained or used on premises where a sewer which is part of a sewer system from which sewage is discharged into waters of the state Department of health is accessible.

Section 9. No kitchen or laundry ~~water~~ shall be allowed to discharge or flow into any gutter, street, roadway, or public place.

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Article 3

Decaying Matter

Section 1. No garbage, offal pomace, dead animals, decaying matter or organic waste substance of any kind shall be thrown or disposed in any ravine, ditch or gutter, on any street or highway; into any waters of the state or be permitted to remain exposed upon the ground surface.

Section 2. Manure shall not be allowed to accumulate in any place where it can be prejudicially effect any source of drinking water or as a source of fly breeding it may become a nuisance to the public health.

Section 3. The carcass of any dead animal not killed for food shall be removed and disposed of by burial or incineration or other method approved by law or the commissioner of health within twenty-four hours after death. If the carcass is buried it shall be placed so that every place shall be covered by at least two (2) feet of earth and at a location not less than 100 feet from any waters of the state and not subject to overflow by said waters. In all cases of death from communicable disease the carcass shall be thoroughly enveloped in unslacked lime.

Article 4

Stagnant Water

Section 1. No person shall maintain or permit to be maintained any pond, privy, vault, ceepool, well, cistern, rain barrel, or other receptacle containing water in such a condition that mosquitoes breeding therein may become a public nuisance.

Article 5

Objectionable Establishments and Industrial Wastes

Section 1. No person, partnerships, firm or corporation maintaining a slaughter house, rendering works, depository of dead animals, glue works, tannery, woolwashing establishments, paper mills, by product of coke ovens, dye works, oil refinery, dairy, creamery, cheese factory, milk station, or similar establishments; or engaged in the manufacture of gas, chemicals, explosives, fertilizers or similar products; or in the business of soap making, fish oil extraction, bone boiling or similar occupations; shall allow any noxious exhalation, odors or gases that are deleterious or detrimental to public health to escape into the air, or any substance that is deleterious or detrimental to the public health to accumulate upon the premises, or be thrown or allowed to discharge into any street, roadway, or public place, or be thrown or allowed to discharge into any stream or other waters of the state.

Section 2. All slaughter houses, rendering works, bone boiling establishments, depositories for dead animals, garbage disposal plants, piggeries and similar establishments handling organic matter shall have an adequate water supply for the purpose of keeping the place clean and sanitary. All floors shall be constructed of concrete or other impervious material and shall have adequate provisions for drainage to a cesspool, to a sewer or treatment works approved by the State Department of Health.

Section 3. No pig sty shall be built or maintained on marshy ground or land subject to overflow, nor within three hundred feet of an inhabited house or public meeting house or on adjoining property. When garbage is feed to pigs provisions shall be made so that all unconsumed garbage shall be removed daily and disposed of by burial or incineration. All garbage shall be handed and fed upon platforms of concrete or other impervious material. Unslacked lime, hypo-chloride of lime, borax or mineral oil shall be used daily in sufficient quantities to prevent offensive odors and the breeding of flies.

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Article 6

Water Supply

Section 1. No owner or occupant of any premises shall maintain any well, spring, cistern or other source of water supply used for drinking or household purposes to which the public has or may have access and which is polluted or in any manner that may render such water supply injurious to health.

Attest: James F. McCoy
Executive Secretary

Edward Martin
Commissioner of Health

ordained and enacted by the Council of the Borough of Lilly the twenty-ninth day of August 1921.

William Sweeney
President

Approved by me this 15th day of September A.D. 1921.

Attest: V.P. McGough, Sec.

Joseph McGonigle, Burgess

I, V.P. McGough, Secretary of Lilly Borough Council, do hereby certify that the foregoing ordinance was duly passed by the Council of Lilly Borough on the 29th day of August A.D. 1921 and that the same ordinance was advertised as required by law by publication in a newspaper once, and at least twelve (12) copies of said ordinance were posted in public places in the Borough of Lilly, Cambria County, Pennsylvania.

Vincent P. McGough
Secretary
